## Mizuho Alternative Investments, LLC Part 2A of Form ADV The Brochure

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Mizuho Alternative Investments, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (212) 282-4739. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about MAI is also available on the SEC's website at: <u>www.adviserinfo.sec.gov</u>.

### **Material Changes**

Mizuho Alternative Investments, LLC's ("MAI" or the "Company") most recent update to Part 2 of Form ADV was made in March 2011. MAI's business activities have changed materially since the time of that update. In particular, MAI's CEO recently changed due to a routine transfer effected by MAI's parent companies – Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd. and Mizuho Securities Ltd. It is a common practice of Japanese companies to transfer Japanese expatriate staff, such as MAI's former CEO, from overseas offices and replace them with new expatriate staff from Japan. Biographical information for MAI's new CEO, who is a Japanese expatriate, has been added to the Brochure Supplement or Part 2B (see page 16). In addition, MAI recently commenced a new commodity trading strategy, a description of which has been added to this Part 2A under the "Funds Team" section (see page 5). MAI has hired a new portfolio manager in connection with the new commodity trading strategy, whose biographical information has been added to the Brochure Supplement (see page 19). The SEC recently required significant changes to the content and format of Part 2 of Form ADV. This brochure, which reflects those changes, is materially different from brochures used by MAI in prior years.

### **Table of Contents**

Material Changes	2
Table of Contents	
Advisory Business	2
Fees and Compensation	
Performance Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management	4
Types of Clients	5
Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss	5
Disciplinary Information	
Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations	7
Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading	
Brokerage Practices	
Review of Accounts	12
Client Referrals and Other Compensation	13
Custody	13
Investment Discretion	13
Voting Client Securities	13
Financial Information	14
Atsushi Takahashi's Biographical Information	16
Kazuhiro Shimbo's Biographical Information	17
Takeshi Ishizuka's Biographical Information	
Apostolos S. Spheeris' Biographical Information	19

### **Advisory Business**

MAI is an investment adviser to institutional clients and several collective investment vehicles (each, a "Fund"), which include private investment partnerships and foreign investment companies organized to invest in securities and other financial instruments. MAI currently serves as a managing member to one of these Funds. In providing the above-referenced services to each client and Fund, MAI formulates

investment objective(s), directs and manages the investment and reinvestment of client and Fund assets, and reports investment performance information to each client and the investors of a Fund (unless they are otherwise clients individually). MAI provides investment advice to each client and Fund directly, but not to the investors of a Fund. In addition, MAI provides non-discretionary investment advisory services pertaining to the account of its parent company. MAI manages the assets of each client and Fund in accordance with the terms of the governing documents that are applicable to each client and Fund.

The offerings of shares or limited partnership interests in the Funds are not registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and the Funds are not registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"). Accordingly, interests or shares in the Funds are offered and sold exclusively to investors satisfying the applicable eligibility and suitability requirements, either via private transactions within the United States or in offshore transactions.

At least one Fund has issued multiple classes of shares of which certain classes are subject to different investment terms, including those applicable to fees, transparency and liquidity. Details concerning applicable terms are set forth in the respective Funds' governing documents and side letters.

The Company was founded in 2007 and is owned by Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. ("MHCB"), a bank headquartered in Tokyo, Japan, and Mizuho Securities Company, Ltd. ("MSC"), a broker-dealer headquartered in Tokyo, Japan. As of February 28, 2011, the Company managed approximately \$280 million on a discretionary basis and approximately \$1 billion on a non-discretionary basis.

### **Fees and Compensation**

Compensation received by MAI from the clients and Funds is generally comprised of fees based on a percentage of assets under management and performance-based amounts.

In general, MAI's asset-based fee is 2.00% (per annum) of the aggregate fair market value of the net assets of a client or Fund, although reductions have been negotiated with clients or investors on a case-bycase basis in a manner consistent with MAI's fiduciary duty. With respect to at least one Fund, MAI's asset-based fee (also called a management fee) includes special allocations to a seed capital provider. Asset-based fees for the Funds are billed monthly or quarterly in arrears as of the close of the calendar month or quarter during which MAI performs the services to which the fees relate. MAI may, in its sole discretion, agree to payment of fees based on individually negotiated rates and schedules.

The management fee shall be pro-rated for any billing period during which MAI does not serve as the investment manager for the entire billing period. If fees are paid in advance, upon termination of the investment advisory services, any unearned portion of fees will be refunded on a pro rata basis. This does not apply to management fees paid by the investors of a Fund. The management fee may be reduced periodically by an amount equal to placement fees, if any, paid by a Fund.

In general, performance-based compensation paid by the Funds is 20% of net realized and unrealized profits in total for each year. Generally this amount is calculated as of the end of MAI's fiscal year, which runs from January 1 through December 31. However, performance-based compensation amounts are calculated more frequently with respect to certain Fund classes of shares. Such performance-based compensation is generally subject to net loss carry-forward provisions or "high water marks", as described in applicable governing documents. MAI, at its discretion, may waive all or a portion of the performance-based compensation amount. Performance-based fees may create an incentive for MAI to make investments that are riskier or more speculative to achieve higher performance in order to generate

such fees. With respect to at least one Fund, MAI's performance-based compensation includes special allocations to a seed capital provider. With a performance-based fee arrangement, MAI receives compensation based on a share of the capital gains or capital appreciation of the Funds or any portion of the funds of the client. Since the performance allocation will be determined on both realized and unrealized gains, MAI may receive a performance allocation at the end of a calendar quarter or fiscal year reflecting gains that are not subsequently recognized by the Funds or other clients.

MAI will value, or arrange to have valued, the securities held by the clients and Funds using readily available market quotations and other commonly used and recognized methods. MAI will be responsible for determining asset valuations for all purposes including the calculation of the management fee and performance-based compensation amount. Generally, all management and performance-based fees are deducted directly from the Funds and client accounts.

Each Fund generally bears all expenses concerning the operations of the Fund, including, but not limited to, legal, accounting, bookkeeping, auditing, trustee, advisory, administrator, registered office, custodian, or other professional expenses, professional liability insurance, research expenses, interest on margin loans and other indebtedness, appraisal fees, custodial fees, bank service fees, investment related fees and expenses such as brokerage and prime brokerage commissions and expenses, filing and registration fees, consultant fees, legal fees, and any other expenses associated with the operation of the Funds, as applicable. See the Brokerage Practices section below for additional information regarding brokerage commissions and expenses.

Also, Funds will generally pay all expenses reasonably incurred in the formation and organization of, and sales of shares or interests in, the Fund, including external legal and accounting expenses, printing costs, travel, and out-of-pocket expenses, if any. MAI may incur and pay in the name and on the behalf of a Fund any expenses that they deem necessary or advisable. Under these circumstances, a Fund will promptly reimburse MAI for such expenses. Clients generally bear their own operating expenses, including, but not limited to, fees and expenses associated with their investment program (e.g., for all costs, fees and expenses incurred in connection with the purchase, sale or carrying of any security or investment, including, but not limited to, transaction costs, and margin interest expense). Details concerning applicable expenses are set forth in the respective governing documents. Clients and investors in the Funds should review all fees charged by MAI and its affiliates, custodians and brokers, and others to fully understand the total amount of fees and expenses to be paid.

Except as may be otherwise negotiated in particular cases, investors are able to withdraw from the Funds pursuant to the terms of a Fund's organizational documents. In general, the expenses, asset-based fee, and the performance-based compensation amounts are charged to the investor through the date of termination. The investment management agreement with each client or Fund is terminable, without penalty, generally upon advance notice to either party. Termination periods, if applicable, are negotiable and are set forth in the respective governing documents.

### Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management

As stated in the Fees and Compensation section above, MAI charges performance-based fees that are based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of a Fund's or client's assets. As discussed previously, the fact that MAI is compensated based on such profits may create an incentive for MAI to make investments on behalf of the Funds and clients that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation. In addition, the performance-based fee received by MAI is based primarily on realized and unrealized gains and losses. As a result, the performance-based fee earned could be based on unrealized gains that Funds and clients may never realize. MAI currently also

has Funds or clients that *do not* pay performance-based fees. MAI faces a conflict of interest by managing performance fee paying and non-performance fee paying accounts at the same time. Specifically, this may create an incentive for MAI to favor accounts for which it receives a *performance-based fee*. To address any potential conflict of interest in allocating transactions to performance fee paying vs. non-performance fee paying accounts, MAI's policy is not to aggregate the orders of performance fee paying accounts with those of non-performance fee paying accounts.

### **Types of Clients**

As stated previously, MAI currently provides investment advice to several collective investment vehicles, including private investment partnerships and foreign investment companies. Further, MAI provides non-disrectionary investment advice for a separately managed account of an institutional client.

Details concerning applicable investor suitability criteria, including investment minimums and whether such minimums are negotiable, are set forth in the respective Fund's offering documents and subscription application materials. Each investor is required to meet certain suitability qualifications, such as being a "qualified purchaser" as defined in the Investment Company Act or being a "non-U.S. person" as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act. In addition, each U.S. investor in a U.S. Fund must also satisfy the suitability requirements under Rule 205-3 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, which prescribes certain requirements which must be satisfied in connection with MAI's receipt of performance-based compensation.

### Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

MAI employs a number of investment strategies, which rely on varying methods of analysis and sources of information and are formulated and implemented by various teams of employees within MAI, as described below.

### Funds Team

The Funds Team's ("FT") overall investment objective is to seek capital appreciation by employing a commodity trading strategy whose trades will focus on global commodity futures sectors such as energy, metals and agriculture and a discretional commodity trading advisor strategy which will aim to harmonize discretionary and quantitative approaches focusing mainly on a trend following strategy together with mean reversion. The FT consists of two separate portfolio management and trading teams dedicated to each strategy it employs. The FT primarily invests in futures.

There is no assurance that MAI will provide an acceptable return to clients or Fund investors or not incur substantial losses. MAI's past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results. The investment programs employed by MAI for the Funds and clients are speculative and involve a high degree of risk. There is no assurance that technical and risk management techniques utilized by MAI, as well as the investment decisions made by MAI, will not expose the Funds and clients to risk of significant losses. In addition, the analytical techniques used by MAI cannot provide any assurance that Funds and clients will not be exposed to the risk of significant trading losses if the underlying patterns of market behavior studied by MAI and which provide the basis for its statistical models change in ways not anticipated by MAI. Also, if any strategic investors were to redeem all of its investment, it could cause a material adverse effect on the Funds, investors, and clients.

In addition, the investment process used by the FT is dependent in part upon various computer and telecommunications technologies. The successful deployment of the investment process, the

implementation and operation of the investment process, and various other critical activities of MAI could be severely compromised by telecommunications failures, power loss, software-related "system crashes," fire or water damage, or various other events or circumstances.

The instruments MAI will trade are inherently leveraged and MAI may borrow money, engage in repurchase transactions or invest in securities on margin. Leverage exaggerates the effects of market movements, which may result in the Funds and clients experiencing greater losses or gains than would be experienced by an unlevered portfolio following a similar strategy. Decisions made by MAI in connection with its trading methodology are based substantially on technical analysis generated by its trading program technology. The profitability of technical analysis depends upon the accurate forecasting of price movements over applicable time horizons. No assurance can be given of the accuracy of the forecasts used or made by MAI. The FT invests primarily in futures. Futures prices are highly volatile, and are influenced by many external economic, governmental, and world events. The low margin deposits normally required in futures trading permits an extremely high degree of leverage which can result in a substantial gain or loss to the Funds and clients from a relatively small price movement.

Investors in a Fund advised by the FT should consider an investment in such Fund as involving a high degree of financial risk and should therefore carefully consider all risk factors set forth in the relevant Fund's offering and/or operational documents. Each prospective investor should carefully review offering and/or operational documents, as applicable, before deciding to make an investment in a Fund.

#### **Quantitative Strategies Team**

MAI's Quantitative Strategies Team ("QST") is responsible for implementation of two separate investment strategies with respect to the Funds managed by MAI.

The first investment objective of the QST is to deliver consistent, long-term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of futures contracts traded on futures exchanges worldwide. The QST trades a number global exchange-traded futures using a proprietary trading system that is designed to profitably capture market trends while minimizing losses during periods of trend-less market conditions. The proprietary trading system provides signals concerning prospective end of trading day positions and the QST attempts to execute the trades necessary to implement the recommendations. The QST's trading strategy is quantitative in nature and was developed through detailed analysis and back-testing of certain trading rules applied against historical market data, including price, volume and open interests.

The second investment objective of the QST is to seek capital appreciation through an alternative beta strategy employing futures, ETFs and other derivatives. To implement the alternative beta strategy, the QST utilizes a proprietary investment process that involves input from a Sub-Adviser and includes receipt of trade signals from the Sub-Adviser. The alternative beta strategy is quantitative in nature and was developed through detailed statistical analysis. The alternative beta strategy also depends on the Sub-Adviser's assumption that factors representing alternative beta can be extracted through rigorous mathematical procedures to enable the Sub-Adviser and MAI to reconstruct a portfolio that approximates hedge fund returns.

There is no assurance that MAI will provide an acceptable return to clients or Fund investors or not incur substantial losses. MAI's past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results. The investment programs employed by MAI for the Funds and clients are speculative and involve a high degree of risk. There is no assurance that technical and risk management techniques utilized by MAI, as well as the investment decisions made by MAI, will not expose the Funds and clients to risk of significant losses. In addition, the analytical techniques used by MAI cannot provide any assurance that Funds and clients will not be exposed to the risk of significant trading losses if the underlying patterns of market behavior studied by MAI and which provide the basis for its statistical models change in ways not anticipated by

MAI. Also, if any strategic investor were to redeem all of its investment, it could cause a material adverse effect on the Funds, investors, and clients.

In addition, the investment process used by the QST is dependent in part upon various computer and telecommunications technologies. The successful deployment of the investment process, the implementation and operation of the investment process, and various other critical activities of MAI could be severely compromised by telecommunications failures, power loss, software-related "system crashes," fire or water damage, or various other events or circumstances.

The instruments MAI will trade are inherently leveraged and MAI may borrow money, engage in repurchase transactions or invest in securities on margin. Leverage exaggerates the effects of market movements, which may result in the Funds and clients experiencing greater losses or gains than would be experienced by an unlevered portfolio following a similar strategy. Decisions made by MAI in connection with its trading methodology are based chiefly on technical analysis generated by its trading program technology. The profitability of technical analysis depends upon the accurate forecasting of price movements over applicable time horizons. No assurance can be given of the accuracy of the forecasts used or made by MAI. The QST will invest primarily in futures and ETFs. Futures prices are highly volatile, and are influenced by many external economic, governmental, and world events. The low margin deposits normally required in futures trading permits an extremely high degree of leverage which can result in a substantial gain or loss to the Funds and clients from a relatively small price movement.

Investors in a Fund advised by the QST should consider an investment in such Fund as involving a high degree of financial risk and should therefore carefully consider all risk factors set forth in the relevant Fund's offering and/or operational documents. Each prospective investor should carefully review offering and/or operational documents, as applicable, before deciding to make an investment in a Fund.

#### Structured Credit Investment Team

The Structured Credit Investment team (the "SCIT") provides non-discretionary investment advisory services to an institutional client concerning a portfolio mainly consisting of collateralized debt obligations, which are securities backed by high-yield bond or loan instruments in so-called "cash" or synthetic form. The SCIT utilizes the services of dedicated credit analysts within the group. The analysts perform a credit analysis and develop a detailed investment analysis for every potential investment opportunity, the contents of which are submitted to the institutional client for approval. These applications reflect analysis of proposed CDO investments according to detailed standards established by the institutional client.

### **Disciplinary Information**

MAI and its employees have not been involved in any legal or disciplinary events in the past 10 years that would be material to a client's or investor's evaluation of the company or its personnel.

### **Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations**

As discussed previously, MAI serves as investment manager and/or investment adviser (and an affiliate may serve as the general partner) to the Funds, which take long or short positions in diverse securities, derivatives, and other instruments and contracts that transfer risk. In addition, MAI is affiliated with three investment advisers via common ownership: 1) DIAM U.S.A., Inc., which is registered as an investment adviser with the SEC (SEC File No. 801-54930); 2) DIAM Co., Ltd., which is registered as an investment adviser with the SEC (SEC File No. 801-55047); and 3) Mizuho Asset Management Co., Ltd. MAI is

also affiliated with a broker-dealer via common ownership: Mizuho Securities USA Inc. (SEC File No. 8-37710).

Also, as discussed previously, MAI is owned by MHCB, a bank headquartered in Tokyo, Japan, and MSC, a broker-dealer headquartered in Tokyo, Japan. MHCB serves major corporations, financial institutions and their group companies, public sector entities, and overseas corporations including subsidiaries of Japanese corporations. MHCB's business activities include accepting deposits, lending, investment banking, and custodial services, among others. MSC's business activities include sales, trading, settlement, and foreign exchange services, among others. MHCB and MSC are wholly owned by Mizuho Financial Group, a publicly traded company listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Osaka Securities Exchange, and New York Stock Exchange (American Depository Receipts are listed on the New York Stock Exchange). MHCB, as majority shareholder of MAI, may exercise control over MAI's operations.

MAI has entered into various servicing agreements with MHCB whereby MHCB provides MAI with administrative, operational, risk management, back office, compliance and legal support. Such services are provided by MHCB for a fee that MAI believes is equivalent to fees that would be charged by service providers who are not affiliated with MAI in an arm's length transaction.

In managing certain client accounts, MAI may utilize the brokerage services of Mizuho Securities USA Inc. ("MSUSA"), including execution and clearing. MSUSA is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MSC. Due to MAI's relationship with MSUSA, a clear conflict of interest exists. However, MAI believes that commissions and other fees paid to MSUSA in exchange for services are in line with fees that would be charged by broker-dealers who are not affiliated with MAI. MAI will utilize MSUSA's brokerage services pursuant to its fiduciary duty to seek to obtain best execution.

MAI utilizes the services of Mizuho Trust & Banking ("MHTB"), which is a part of the Mizuho Financial Group, as a custodian and fund administrator for at least one Fund it manages. Due to MAI's relationship with MHTB, a clear conflict of interest exists. However, MAI believes that fees paid to MHTB are in line with fees that would be charged by custodians and fund administrators who are not affiliated with MAI. MAI will utilize MHTB's services pursuant to its fiduciary duty to the Fund. In order to carry out its fiduciary responsibilities, it is MAI's policy to obtain a SAS 70 (Level II) report from MHTB annually regarding its control activities and processes.

MAI serves as Managing Member for the onshore feeder ("Onshore Fund") of an offshore master Fund it advises. The Onshore Fund is a Delaware limited liability company and is designed for investment by U.S. taxable investors. The Onshore Fund is also advised by MAI and intends to invest substantially all of its investable assets in the offshore master Fund. MAI as Managing Member is vested with complete control of the management and conduct of the business of the Onshore Fund. The Non-Managing Members have no responsibility for the management of the Fund and have no authority or right to act on behalf of the Onshore Fund or to bind the Onshore Fund in connection with any matter.

# **Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading**

#### Principal Investment

MAI is the investment manager to the Funds and, as such, receives management and incentive fees from the Funds. MAI recommends that investors purchase interests in the Funds.

MAI may, from time to time, cause a client or a Fund to invest in a security in which MAI or a related person has an ownership position. MAI or related persons may also purchase a security of the same class of securities held by a client or a Fund. In addition, because certain of MAI's clients are Funds of which MAI or an affiliate is the managing member, investment manager, and/or significant owner, MAI may be considered to participate indirectly in the transactions effected for such Funds.

As mentioned previously, MAI may utilize the brokerage services of MSUSA, including execution and clearing. Due to MAI's relationship with MSUSA, a clear conflict of interest exists. However, MAI believes that commissions and other fees paid to MSUSA in exchange for services are in line with fees that would be charged by broker-dealers who are not affiliated with MAI. MAI will utilize MSUSA's brokerage services pursuant to its fiduciary duty to seek to obtain best execution.

In all cases, if the possibility of a conflict or interest occurs, the clients'/Funds' interests will prevail. It is the policy of MAI that equal or higher priority will always be given to the clients'/Funds' orders over the orders of MAI or a related person. MAI maintains extensive written policies and procedures related to its trading practices.

#### Personal Trading

To avoid any potential conflicts of interest involving personal trades, MAI has adopted a Code of Ethics ("CoE"), which includes personal trade pre-clearance, reporting and review policies and procedures and anti-insider trading policies and procedures. MAI's CoE requires, among other things, that employees:

- Act with integrity, dignity, competence, diligence, respect and in an ethical manner with the public, clients, prospective clients, third-party service providers, and fellow employees;
- Place the integrity of the investment profession, the interests of clients, and the interests of MAI above one's own personal interests;
- Adhere to the fundamental principle that you should not take inappropriate advantage of your position;
- Avoid any actual or potential material conflict of interest prior to consulting with senior management;
- Disclose all material conflicts of interest to clients;
- Conduct all personal securities transactions in a manner consistent with the CoE;
- Use reasonable care and exercise independent professional judgment when conducting investment analysis, making investment recommendations, taking investment actions, and engaging in other professional activities;
- Practice and encourage others to practice in a professional and ethical manner, such as will reflect favorably on you and the profession;
- Promote the integrity of and uphold the rules governing the capital markets;
- Maintain and improve your professional competence and strive to maintain and improve that of other investment professionals; and
- Comply with all applicable provisions of the federal securities laws.

MAI's CoE also requires employees to: 1) pre-clear certain personal securities transactions; 2) report personal securities transactions on at least a quarterly basis; and 3) provide MAI with a detailed summary of certain holdings and securities accounts (both upon commencement of employment and annually thereafter) over which such employees have a direct or indirect beneficial interest.

A copy of MAI's CoE is available to any client, investor, prospective client, or prospective investor upon request.

### **Brokerage Practices**

#### Selection of Brokers

In making its decisions regarding the allocation of brokerage transactions for the Funds and other clients, MAI seeks to obtain best execution, taking into account the following factors: (i) the ability to effect prompt and reliable executions at favorable prices (including the applicable dealer spread or commission, if any); (ii) the operational efficiency with which transactions are effected (such as prompt and accurate confirmation and delivery), taking into account the size of order and difficulty of execution; (iii) the financial strength, integrity and stability of the broker-dealer; (iv) the quality, comprehensiveness and frequency of available research services considered to be of value to MAI and its clients; (v) the value of brokerage services over and above trade execution provided to MAI and its clients; and (vi) the competitiveness of commission rates in comparison with other broker-dealers satisfying MAI's other selection criteria. Although MAI generally seeks competitive commission rates and commission equivalents, it will not necessarily pay the lowest commission or equivalent. Transactions may involve specialized services on the part of a broker-dealer, which may justify higher commissions and equivalents than would be the case for more routine services. In certain instances MAI may execute over-the-counter securities transactions on an agency basis, which may result in the Funds or other clients incurring two transaction costs for a single trade: a commission paid to the executing broker-dealer plus the market maker's mark-up or mark-down.

MAI does not intend to seek lower brokerage commissions to the extent that doing so may detract from receiving valuable brokerage and research services. The commissions or equivalents charged by any one broker-dealer may be greater than the amount another firm would charge for executing the same transactions if MAI determines in good faith that the amount of such commissions is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services provided by the broker-dealer. Selecting brokers on the basis of considerations which are not limited to applicable commission rates may at times result in higher transaction costs than would otherwise be obtainable. In managing client accounts, MAI may utilize the brokerage services of MSC, including execution and clearing, pursuant to its fiduciary duty to seek best execution.

In the event a client directs MAI to use a particular broker or dealer, MAI will not have the authority to negotiate commissions or obtain volume discounts, and best execution may not be achieved. In addition, a disparity in commission charges may exist between the commissions charged to other clients. In addition, transactions for a client who directs brokerage may not be batched for execution with transactions in the same securities for other clients. As a result, directed brokerage transactions may result in higher commissions, greater spreads, less favorable net prices, and inferior overall execution than would be the case if MAI were authorized to choose the broker-dealers through which to execute transactions for the client's account.

#### Commission Arrangements

MAI is authorized to use "soft dollars" to pay for brokerage and research services. Generally speaking, "soft dollar" arrangements are understood to be ones where products or services other than the execution of securities transactions are obtained by an investment adviser from a broker-dealer in exchange for the direction of client brokerage transactions to the broker-dealer. "Soft dollars" would be that portion of the brokerage commission that exceeds the lowest rate available from other broker-dealers for basic

execution services. Payment of this excess amount is frequently referred to as "paying up." Using client brokerage commissions (or markups or markdowns) to obtain research or other products or services results in a benefit to MAI because MAI does not have to produce or pay for the research, products or services. Also, MAI may have an incentive to select a broker-dealer based on its interest in receiving research or other products or services, rather than on its clients' interest in receiving most favorable execution.

Although MAI has not entered into any formal "soft dollar" arrangements to date, it may do so in the future. Commissions or soft dollars will pay for brokerage and research products or services, within the safe harbor created by Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Under Section 28(e), research obtained with soft dollars generated by one client/Fund may be used by MAI to service accounts other than the account responsible for generating the soft dollars.

#### Proprietary Research and Brokerage Services

MAI executes securities transactions with multiple executing brokers, many of whom provide MAI with access to proprietary research and brokerage services (*e.g.*, standard investment, securities and economic research and credit reports, and securities price and market data), which may be used to service several accounts at MAI. To the best of MAI's knowledge, these services are generally made available to all institutional investors doing business with these broker-dealers. These bundled services are made available to MAI on an unsolicited basis and without regard to the rates of commissions charged or paid by MAI's clients or the volume of business MAI directs to these broker-dealers. Since these products and services are merely made available by broker-dealers as part of a bundled business package to MAI, who may or may not use them, it is MAI's understanding that broker-dealers do not set discrete prices for these products and services. Accordingly, MAI does not separately compensate these broker-dealers for the provision of these services and does not believe that it "pays-up" for the broker-dealers' services due to the difficulty associated with the broker-dealers not breaking out the costs for the services in question.

The broker-dealer(s) that have entered into prime brokerage arrangements with MAI may occasionally provide MAI with introductions to potential investors. Capital introduction is a service provided by prime brokers and is designed to "introduce" private fund managers to potential investors, typically through individual meetings or in a conference format. Although capital introduction is customarily offered as a "free" service, various conflicts of interest are presented by such arrangements. While MAI does not compensate these broker-dealers based on capital introductions, MAI may be incentivized to use the services of a specific prime broker due to the broker's ability to raise capital for MAI. In addition, MAI benefits from arrangements where investors are referred to MAI because its management fees are generally based upon a percentage of assets managed and its incentive or performance based fees are generally based upon a percentage of net profits on such assets. Thus, the more assets MAI has under management, the higher its management fee income and, potentially, its incentive fee income. Also, there is a direct conflict between the prime brokers' desire to increase their revenues by raising capital through their prime brokerage services. The prime broker and/or its affiliates generally receive fees/commissions as a result of MAI's decision to utilize its services as follows: custodian of client accounts managed by MAI; securities transactions executed on behalf of MAI's clients; and lending funds and/or securities to MAI as part of MAI's investment strategy, i.e. margin/short sale and/or securities lending programs. While the relationship may present the appearance of a conflict of interest, the availability of the foregoing products and services to MAI is not contingent upon MAI committing to the prime brokers any specific amount of business (assets in custody or trading commissions).

#### Aggregation of Client Orders

In some instances, MAI bunches or aggregates an order for a client or Fund account with orders for other

accounts. However, in some cases, MAI elects not to bunch or aggregate an order for a client or Fund account with orders for other accounts. The effect of such bunching, aggregation or lack thereof may operate to the disadvantage of the client or Fund. For example, transactions for a client or Fund that are not batched for execution with transactions in the same securities for other clients may result in higher commissions, greater spreads, less favorable net prices, and inferior overall execution than would be the case if MAI were to have bunched or aggregated the order prior to execution. Transactions resulting from aggregate orders are generally allocated on an average price basis. In the event an aggregate order is only partially filled, allocations to clients or Funds are generally made on a pro rata basis.

#### Trade Errors

MAI is not liable for trade errors resulting from ordinary negligence, such as errors in the investment decision-making process (e.g., a transaction was effected in violation of the Fund's investment guidelines) or in the trade process (e.g., a buy order was entered instead of a sell order, or the wrong security was purchased or sold, or a security was purchased or sold in an amount or at a price other than the correct amount or price). Also, MAI is not liable for any act or omission of any broker or dealer selected by MAI with reasonable care.

### **Review of Accounts**

Ongoing portfolio management is the responsibility of each of the Senior Vice Presidents ("SVP") located within the FT or QST and the Vice President ("VP") located within the SCIT, subject to the oversight of MAI's Chief Investment Officer ("CIO"). Informal meetings between the SVPs and the CIO generally occur daily, but no less frequently than weekly. In the case of the SCIT, informal meetings between the Vice President and the CIO occur on an ad-hoc basis. The strategies selected by the SVPs/VP/CIO are then implemented by the individuals within each team responsible for trading. In some cases, the SVPs/VP are also traders.

The SVPs determine specific strategies for client accounts managed by the particular team to which they belong, perform portfolio optimization, monitor overall risk, and review allocations. In the event an aggregate order is only partially filled, allocations to clients or Funds are generally made on a pro rata basis. The traders execute trades, perform qualitative and quantitative research, and propose new investment ideas to the SVPs and/or CIO. Market fluctuations, proposed changes in investment strategy, or economic developments may be factors which could trigger a review by the SVPs/CIO.

With respect to the Funds for which MAI serves as investment manager, investors receive regular written reports as specified in each Fund's constituent documents (such as the offering memorandum or limited partnership agreement).

For each privately offered Fund for which MAI serves as a managing member, each investor receives written audited financial statements for the Fund within 120 days after the conclusion of the Fund's fiscal year, including audited schedules of investments, balance sheets, income statements and cash flow statements. For Funds with U.S. resident partners, each investor receives a written statement of the investor's share of the Fund's taxable income or loss for the given year.

In addition to the foregoing reports and statements, MAI may also provide, in its discretion, individual investors or clients or groups of investors or clients with more frequent written disclosure, greater transparency or provide additional information not contained in the above mentioned reports and statements, either due to legal/regulatory constraints that must be followed by some of the Funds'

investors and/or the specific needs of and requests made by certain investors. Regular written reporting for any separately managed accounts shall be similar to the foregoing.

### **Client Referrals and Other Compensation**

MAI may, from time to time, compensate affiliated and unaffiliated persons for client referrals in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act. The compensation to be paid will generally consist of a cash payment computed as a percentage of the assets under management referred, although other methods may be used.

### Custody

All Fund and client assets are held in custody by affiliated or unaffiliated broker-dealers or banks. With respect to the Funds, MAI has access to such assets since it serves as managing member and/or is able to directly debit from such assets certain amounts for payment of advisory fees and other fees and expenses. In addition, MAI utilizes the services of MHTB, which is a part of the Mizuho Financial Group, as a custodian and fund administrator for at least one Fund it manages. The Funds' investors generally will not receive statements directly from the Funds' custodians. Instead the Funds are generally subject to an annual audit and the audited financial statements are distributed to each investor. As discussed previously, the audited financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and distributed within 120 days of Funds' fiscal year end.

### **Investment Discretion**

MAI is authorized to make the following determinations in accordance with each Fund's objectives and restrictions without obtaining prior consent from the Fund or any of its investors: (1) which securities or instruments to buy or sell; (2) the total amount of securities or instruments to buy or sell; (3) the executing broker or dealer for any transaction; and (4) the commission rates or commission equivalents charged for transactions. MAI is authorized to make the aforementioned determinations for other clients as well in accordance with discretionary investment management agreements executed with each such client.

### **Voting Client Securities**

MAI, unless otherwise agreed upon in governing documents or other investment management agreements, is responsible for voting proxies on behalf of each client and Fund. When voting proxies for a client, MAI's primary objective is to make voting decisions in the best interest of such client. When voting proxies for securities held in a Fund, MAI will make voting decisions that it deems to be in the best interest of all investors in the Fund, considered as a group rather than individually. When determining the optimal vote, consideration will be given to both the short and long term implications of the proposal that is subject to vote. MAI's proxy voting policies enumerate specific factors to consider when voting client proxies that concern corporate governance, stock option plans and other management compensation issues, changes in capital structure, and social and corporate responsibility issues. In voting client proxies, MAI will seek to avoid material conflicts of interest between the interests of MAI and its affiliates and the interests of its clients. A copy of MAI's complete proxy voting policy and procedures is available to any client, investor, prospective client and prospective investor upon request. While MAI will rarely have the occasion to vote client proxies, it will also make its voting record available to any client or investor upon request.

### **Financial Information**

MAI has never filed for bankruptcy and is not aware of any financial condition that is expected to affect its ability to manage client accounts.

# Mizuho Alternative Investments, LLC Part 2B of Form ADV The Brochure Supplement

1114 Avenue of the Americas, 31<sup>st</sup> Floor New York, NY 10036 (212) 282-4739 www.mizuhocbk.com/mai

Updated: May 2011

This brochure supplement provides information about Atsushi Takahashi, Kazuhiro Shimbo, Takeshi Ishizuka, and Apostolos S. Spheeris that supplements the Mizuho Alternative Investments, LLC ("MAI" or the "Company") brochure. You should have received a copy of that brochure. Please contact MAI's Chief Compliance Officer, Candice Gallagher, at (212) 282-4739 if you did not receive MAI's brochure or if have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Messrs. Takahashi, Shimbo, Ishizuka, and Spheeris is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

### Atsushi Takahashi's Biographical Information

Born:	1958
Education:	Bachelor of Arts, Economics, Hitotsubashi University, 1981
Employment	2011 to Present – President and Chief Executive Officer, Mizuho
History:	Alternative Investments, LLC
	2011 to Present – Chief Investment Officer, Funds Division,
	Mizuho Alternative Investments, LLC
	2011 to Present – Chief Investment Officer, Structured Credit
	Division, Mizuho Alternative Investments, LLC
	2006 to 2011 – General Manager, Derivative Products Division,
	Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd.
	2004 to 2006 – Treasurer, Hong Kong Treasury Division, Mizuho
	Corporate Bank Ltd.

### **Disciplinary Information**

Mr. Takahashi has not been involved in any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to a client's or investor's evaluation of Mr. Muto or of MAI.

#### **Other Business Activities**

Mr. Takahashi is not engaged in any other investment related business, and does not receive compensation in connection with any business activity outside of MAI.

#### Additional Compensation

Mr. Takahashi does not receive economic benefits from any person or entity other than MAI in connection with the provision of investment advice to clients.

#### Supervision

Mr. Takahashi's activities are overseen by the Chief Operating Officer, Jun Nozaki, and the Chief Compliance Officer, Candice Gallagher. Any of these individuals can be reached directly by calling the telephone number on the cover of this brochure supplement.

### **Kazuhiro Shimbo's Biographical Information**

1972
B.S., Physics, Kyoto University, 1994
M.Sc., Financial Economics, University of London, 2000
Ph.D., Operations Research, Cornell University, 2007
2010 to Present – Co-Head of Quantitative Strategies, Mizuho
Alternative Investments, LLC
2007 to 2009 – Head of Risk Management, Mizuho Alternative
Investments, LLC
2000 to 2007 – Student, Cornell University

### **Disciplinary Information**

Mr. Shimbo has not been involved in any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to a client's or investor's evaluation of Mr. Shimbo or of MAI.

#### Other Business Activities

Mr. Shimbo is not engaged in any other investment related business, and does not receive compensation in connection with any business activity outside of MAI.

### Additional Compensation

Mr. Shimbo does not receive economic benefits from any person or entity other than MAI in connection with the provision of investment advice to clients.

#### **Supervision**

Mr. Shimbo's investment recommendations are supervised by MAI's CEO, Atsushi Takahashi. Mr. Shimbo's activities are also overseen by the Chief Operating Officer, Jun Nozaki, and the Chief Compliance Officer, Candice Gallagher. Any of these individuals can be reached directly by calling the telephone number on the cover of this brochure supplement.

### Takeshi Ishizuka's Biographical Information

Born:	1957
Education:	Bachelor of Arts, Keio University, 1981
	M.B.A., Stern School, New York University, 1988
Employment	2008 to Present – Co-Head of Quantitative Strategies, Mizuho
History:	Alternative Investments, LLC
	2007 to 2008 – Senior Portfolio Manager, Graham Capital
	Management LP
	2005 to 2007 – Senior Portfolio Manager, Rosenthal Collins
	Group

### **Disciplinary Information**

Mr. Ishizuka has not been involved in any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to a client's or investor's evaluation of Mr. Ishizuka or of MAI.

#### Other Business Activities

Mr. Ishizuka is not engaged in any other investment related business, and does not receive compensation in connection with any business activity outside of MAI.

### Additional Compensation

Mr. Ishizuka does not receive economic benefits from any person or entity other than MAI in connection with the provision of investment advice to clients.

#### **Supervision**

Mr. Ishizuka's investment recommendations are supervised by MAI's CEO, Atsushi Takahashi. Mr. Ishizuka's activities are also overseen by the Chief Operating Officer, Jun Nozaki, and the Chief Compliance Officer, Candice Gallagher. Any of these individuals can be reached directly by calling the telephone number on the cover of this brochure supplement.

### **Apostolos S. Spheeris' Biographical Information**

Born:	1968
Education:	Bachelor of Arts, Syracuse University, 1991
Employment	2011 to Present – Senior Vice President, Funds Team, Mizuho
History:	Alternative Investments, LLC
	2009 to 2011 – Principal, Sparta Capital Management LP
	2004 to 2009 – Portfolio Manager, Proxima Alfa Investments
	(USA) LLC

### **Disciplinary Information**

Mr. Spheeris has not been involved in any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to a client's or investor's evaluation of Mr. Spheeris or of MAI.

#### Other Business Activities

Mr. Spheeris is not engaged in any other investment related business, and does not receive compensation in connection with any business activity outside of MAI.

### Additional Compensation

Mr. Spheeris does not receive economic benefits from any person or entity other than MAI in connection with the provision of investment advice to clients.

#### **Supervision**

Mr. Spheeris' investment recommendations are supervised by MAI's CEO, Atsushi Takahashi. Mr. Spheeris' activities are also overseen by the Chief Operating Officer, Jun Nozaki, and the Chief Compliance Officer, Candice Gallagher. Any of these individuals can be reached directly by calling the telephone number on the cover of this brochure supplement.